

## How to discuss Ebola with your children

Mary McGrath *AAP News* originally published online October 7, 2014;

The online version of this article, along with updated information and services, is located on the World Wide Web at:

http://aapnews.aappublications.org/content/early/2014/10/07/aapnews.20141007-1

AAP News is the official journal of the American Academy of Pediatrics. A monthly publication, it has been published continuously since 1948. AAP News is owned, published, and trademarked by the American Academy of Pediatrics, 141 Northwest Point Boulevard, Elk Grove Village, Illinois, 60007. Copyright © 2014 by the American Academy of Pediatrics. All rights reserved. Print ISSN: 1073-0397.



Breaking News
October 7, 2014
www.aapnews.org



INFORMATION FROM YOUR PEDIATRICIAN

## How to discuss Ebola with your children

If you have any exposure to news media, you've probably heard a lot about the Ebola virus outbreak in West Africa. But there is a big difference between the way kids and adults react to the onslaught of information about this disease. While it often is challenging to talk with children about unsettling current events, it's important that your child receive accurate information from you, instead of rumors from their peers.

You might not know all the answers to your child's questions, but background knowledge of Ebola can help develop the conversation.

Ebola is a rare viral infection occurring mostly in five Western African countries. Symptoms include fever, severe headache, stomach pain and unexplained bleeding or bruising. The virus is spread through direct contact with the bodily fluids of an infected person, but disinfectant can prevent transmission. On average, about half of the people with the disease die.

David J. Schonfeld, M.D., FAAP, pediatrician-in-chief and director of the National Center for School Crisis and Bereavement at St. Christopher's Hospital for Children in Philadelphia, suggests the following when discussing Ebola with your child:

 Consider your child's maturity level and coping style. Generally, older children are more ready for information than younger ones. And like adults, some children need more information to handle issues, while others worry more if they have a lot of information

- Ask your children what they have already heard and understand about Ebola. Ask them what other information they would like, and use any misinformation they have given you to guide your responses.
- Be factual and honest. Help children understand the differences between the common illnesses they have encountered and rare, localized diseases like Ebola. It isn't helpful or effective to provide graphic details.
- If you are unsure of an answer, explain to your child that you don't know. If it is still of interest, offer to look the answer up for them, or, if the question is suitable, help them to look it up.
- Remain calm and confident. Your children notice your attitude. Don't tell children they "shouldn't worry." Rather, support them as they learn to overcome their fears.

— Mary McGrath

©2014 American Academy of Pediatrics. This Parent Plus may be freely copied and distributed with proper attribution.

## How to discuss Ebola with your children

Mary McGrath

AAP News originally published online October 7, 2014;

**Updated Information &** including high resolution figures, can be found at:

**Services** http://aapnews.aappublications.org/content/early/2014/10/07/aapnews.20141007

-1

**Subspecialty Collections** This article, along with others on similar topics, appears in the following

collection(s): **Parent Plus** 

http://aapnews.aappublications.org/cgi/collection/parent\_plus

**Infectious Diseases** 

http://aapnews.aappublications.org/cgi/collection/infectious\_diseases\_sub

**Permissions & Licensing** Information about reproducing this article in parts (figures, tables) or in its

entirety can be found online at:

http://aapnews.aappublications.org/site/misc/Permissions.xhtml

**Reprints** Information about ordering reprints can be found online:

http://aapnews.aappublications.org/site/misc/reprints.xhtml

